

EXHIBIT B

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
IN AND FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

THOMAS A. EAMES, ROBERTA L. EAMES)
and TAMMY EAMES, on behalf of)
themselves and all others)
similarly situated,)
)
Plaintiffs,) C.A. No. 04-CV-1324KAJ
) TRIAL BY JURY DEMANDED
v.)
)
NATIONWIDE MUTUAL INSURANCE)
COMPANY,)
)
Defendant.)

AMENDED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT¹

Plaintiffs Thomas A. Eames, Roberta L. Eames and Tammy Eames, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, allege as follows:

Introduction: Nature of the
Action and Summary of Facts

1. This is an action seeking recovery of compensatory damages, punitive damages, and declaratory and other relief arising from defendant's ~~breaches of insurance contracts,~~ ~~bad faith breaches of insurance contracts,~~ violations of 6 Del. C. §2513, civil conspiracy and otherwise wrongful conduct, all in connection with the ~~failure of~~ defendant Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company's ("Nationwide")

¹ Deletions from the text of the original complaint are shown by striking; additions are underscored.

misrepresentation of the scope and amount of insurance coverage provided to honor its contractual obligations under certain policies of automobile insurance issued by Nationwide to members and representatives of the plaintiff class.

2. This is a class action brought on behalf of those of Nationwide's Delaware insureds to whom Nationwide has represented, as part of an auto policy ~~declarations~~ page "rate quote", memorandum of insurance or otherwise, that they enjoy "full" limits of liability for Personal Injury Protection (or "PIP") coverage under 21 Del. C. §2118, when in fact Nationwide contends or will contend that they are entitled to just the minimum PIP limits required by statute. A more detailed specification of the prospective class is alleged below.

The Parties

3. Thomas A. and Roberta L. Eames are natural persons residing at 14908 Concord Road, Seaford, Delaware 19973. They are named insureds under Nationwide "Auto Policy" 52A733616, which policy was in effect when, on February 7, 2003, they were injured in an automobile collision. Both Thomas A. Eames and Roberta L. Eames have tendered claims for PIP benefits under the subject policy to Nationwide.

4. Plaintiff Tammy Eames is a natural person residing at 14908 Concord Road, Seaford, Delaware 19973. She was an occupant of the Eames's family vehicle at the time of the February 7, 2003 collision, and suffered injuries in that collision; and she is thus entitled to PIP benefits under the subject Nationwide policy.

5. Defendant Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company is a mutual company whose principal place of business is Ohio. It is engaged in the business of insurance, and regularly sells insurance within the State of Delaware.

**Factual Background Applicable
to the Proposed Plaintiffs' Class**

6. Nationwide is among the largest and wealthiest business entities in the world. It is a prolific underwriter of automobile insurance, including first-party medical benefits for persons injured while driving or occupying motor vehicles.

7. At all times relevant to this action, Nationwide has been among the most prolific underwriters of automobile insurance (including PIP coverage) in the State of Delaware, and has derived substantial revenues and profits from the sale of automobile insurance in Delaware.

Nationwide's Wrongful Conduct

8. Under 21 Del. C. §2118, every owner of a motor vehicle registered in this State must maintain specified forms of insurance in specified minimum amounts. Among these is PIP coverage, defined under the statute as "[c]ompensation to injured persons for reasonable and necessary expenses incurred within two years from the date of the accident" for medical services, lost earnings and other expenses. The statute further requires that PIP coverage be provided in the minimum amount of "\$15,000 for any 1 person and \$30,000 for all persons injured in any 1 accident."

9. Nationwide, acting with and through its agents in Delaware, has misrepresented to large numbers of Delaware insureds (including the proposed class representatives) the limits of liability of their PIP coverage. Specifically, Nationwide has ~~sold~~ stated (and, on information and belief, continues to ~~sell~~ state) ~~automobile insurance policies in Delaware that expressly state, in policy declarations within "rate quotes", memoranda of insurance or other policy documentation, that the purchased limits of liability for PIP coverage are "full" limits; when in fact Nationwide intends by this representation to provide only the minimum statutory limits of \$15,000 per person and~~

\$30,000 per accident. When insureds to whom Nationwide has falsely described PIP limits as "full" tender their claims for PIP coverage to Nationwide, Nationwide takes the position that the available limits of liability for such coverage are limited to the minimum statutory amount. Similarly, when Nationwide has occasion to pay PIP benefits to such insureds, it treats their PIP limits as exhausted once the minimum statutory amount has been paid.

10. Nationwide's practice of characterizing minimum PIP limits as "full" limits is purposefully misleading, unlawful, and injurious to those insureds (including the proposed class representatives) who are targets of the practice. Nationwide knows that such insureds may, if they so request, purchase from Nationwide additional PIP limits in excess of the statutory minimum. (Such additional PIP limits are sometimes referred to, in the jargon of insurance, as "APIP.") By falsely characterizing the minimum limits as "full" limits, Nationwide leads insureds to believe that they have purchased the fullest PIP limits or PIP coverage available; the purpose being to discourage them from seeking to purchase additional (and relatively inexpensive) PIP limits. Nationwide pursues this purpose because its loss ratio on PIP claims has historically been unfavorable.

11. Whatever Nationwide's intent in characterizing minimum PIP limits as "full", that characterization is ambiguous on its face and as applied. Under Delaware law, it must therefore be construed in favor of the insureds, and against Nationwide.

**Allegations Specific to the
Proposed Class Representatives**

12. Plaintiffs Thomas A., Roberta L. and Tammy Eames were injured in an automobile collision on or about February 7, 2003. As alleged above, all three qualify as insureds under Nationwide "Auto Policy" 52A733616, and for purposes of their claims for PIP benefits arising from the February 7, 2003 collision.

13. In connection with their claims for PIP benefits, the proposed class representatives have been subjected by Nationwide to the practices complained of above, including the practices alleged in paragraphs 9 and 10 above. Specifically, Nationwide has represented to one or more of the proposed class representatives that the subject policy provides "full" limits of liability for PIP coverage; and it has thereafter taken the position that such limits have been exhausted by payment of the minimum statutory amount;

a. In approximately March 1994 Nationwide, acting through its agent Culver Insurance Agency of Seaford,

Delaware (now known as Muncie Insurance & Financial Services, Inc.), sold the subject policy to Mr. and Mrs. Eames. On or about March 14, 1994, and in connection with that sale, the Culver agency (acting for Nationwide) represented that the policy would provide "full" limits of liability for PIP coverage.

b. On information and belief, the document attached as Exhibit A (or one or more documents substantially identical to it) was shown to Mr. or Mrs. Eames, or both, by a representative of the Culver agency, and at the time the policy was purchased in March 1994.

c. On information and belief, one or more representatives of the Culver agency represented orally to Mr. or Mrs. Eames (or both) that the subject policy would provide "full" limits of liability for PIP coverage. These representations were made on behalf of Nationwide, and at the time the policy was sold to Mr. and Mrs. Eames in or about March 1994.

d. On information and belief, the offending representations were made by Culver employees Keith Culver, Linda Sanders or both. They may also have been made by other representatives of the Culver agency.

e. The nature of insurance is such that representations may be deemed to have been made in

connection with the insurance's sale even after (and long after) the payment of an initial premium or the initial issuance of policy-related documents.² Representatives of the Culver agency have made such representations to Mr. and Mrs. Eames (on Nationwide's behalf) subsequent to March 1994. These representations are reflected, in whole or part, by the document attached as Exhibit B (dated February 8, 2003, and in which the Culver agency represented "PIP" as "FULL"); and by the separate document attached as Exhibit C (issued on or about June 17, 2003, and in which the Culver agency represented "PERSONAL INJURY PROTECTION" as "FULL.")

f. On or about June 13, 2003 (and in the aftermath of the February 7, 2003 collision) Nationwide advised Mr. Eames by letter that he had "exhausted his/her benefits under the PIP/NO FAULT portion of this insurance policy" (meaning the policy issued by Nationwide to Mr. and Mrs. Eames). A copy of this letter is attached as Exhibit D.

g. Despite its repeated representations to the contrary, Nationwide contends that Mr. and Mrs. Eames's policy provides only the minimum statutory PIP limits (of \$15,000 per person and \$30,000 per accident).

² See Montalvo v. Tower Life Building, 426 F.2d 1135, 1141-2 (5th Cir. 1970).

Class Certification Allegations

14. This action is brought and may properly be maintained as a class action pursuant to Superior Court Civil Rules 23(a) and (b)(1)(A), (2) and (3). Plaintiffs Thomas A., Roberta L. and Tammy Eames bring this action on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, as representatives of the following class and subclass:

a. All of Nationwide's Delaware insureds to whom Nationwide has represented, at any time since August 20, 2001, that they enjoy "full" limits of liability for PIP coverage under 21 Del. C. §2118, where Nationwide in fact contends or will contend that they are entitled only to the minimum PIP limits required by that statute.

b. All of Nationwide's Delaware insureds who are part of the proposed class described within subpart (a) of this paragraph, and who have been advised by Nationwide that (according to Nationwide) their available PIP limits have been exhausted by virtue of Nationwide's payment of the minimum statutory amount.

15. Specifically excluded from the proposed class are those persons who have already secured recovery against Nationwide in connection with the practices complained of, whether by settlement or judgment; and Nationwide's officers, directors, employees, agents, or legal

representatives, or the successors or assigns of any of them.

16. *Numerosity of the Class (Super. Ct. Civ. R. 23(a)(1))*. The proposed class is so numerous that the individual joinder of all its members is impracticable. Nationwide has been, at all relevant times, among Delaware's most prolific underwriters of PIP coverage; and it remains so today. While the exact number and identities of the proposed class members is presently unknown, and can only be determined through investigation and discovery, plaintiff is informed and believes that the proposed class includes over ~~200~~ 500 members.

17. *Existence and Predominance of Common Questions of Law and Fact (Super. Ct. Civ. R. 23(a)(2), 23(b)(3))*.

Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the proposed class, and they predominate over any individualized legal or fact questions. These common questions of law and fact include, without limitation, the following:

a. Whether Nationwide has represented to members of the proposed class that they enjoy "full" limits of liability for PIP coverage;

b. Whether Nationwide contends, has contended or will contend that such proposed class members are actually

entitled to just the minimum statutory limits of liability for PIP coverage;

c. Whether, under these circumstances, Nationwide's characterization of PIP limits as "full" is ambiguous on its face or as applied;

d. Whether a reasonable purchaser of insurance would expect Nationwide's characterization of PIP limits as "full" to entitle such purchaser to the maximum PIP limits made available by Nationwide in Delaware at the time of the policy's issuance or most recent renewal;

e. Whether a reasonable purchaser of insurance would expect Nationwide's characterization of PIP limits as "full" to entitle such purchaser to coverage of all reasonable and necessary medical expenses arising from any covered automobile accident, subject to the statutory (two-year) period for PIP coverage under 21 Del. C. §2118(a)(2);

f. Whether Nationwide engages in the practices complained of in paragraphs 9 and 10 above as a matter of regular business practice;

g. Whether Nationwide's conduct is in violation of 6 Del. C. §2513;

h. Whether Nationwide's conduct is in violation of 18 Del. C. §2504;

i. Whether Nationwide has engaged in deliberately deceptive and dishonest conduct;

j. Whether Nationwide has engaged in one or more acts of civil conspiracy;

k. Whether Nationwide has evinced a conscious indifference to the rights of the proposed class members;

l. Whether the proposed class is entitled to compensatory damages, and if so, the amount of such damages;

m. Whether the proposed class is entitled to punitive damages, and if so, the amount of such damages.

18. *Typicality of Claims (Super. Ct. Civ. R. 23(a)(3))*. The claims of plaintiffs Thomas A., Roberta L. and Tammy Eames are typical of the claims of other members of the proposed class. Nationwide expressly represented to these plaintiffs, orally and/or in writing, that the subject automobile insurance policy provided or would provide "full" limits of liability for PIP coverage. As alleged above, however, Nationwide has taken the position that such PIP limits have been exhausted through payment of just the minimum statutory amount.

19. *Adequacy of Representation (Super. Ct. Civ. R. 23(a)(4))*. The proposed class representatives are under no actual or potential conflict of interest with respect to

other members of the proposed class, and will fairly and adequately protect their interests. They have retained counsel experienced in the prosecution of complex litigation, complex coverage litigation, PIP-related litigation, and PIP-related class action litigation.

20. *Superiority of Class Action (Super. Ct. Civ. R. 23(b)(3))*. A class action is superior to other available methods of adjudication for this dispute, because individual joinder of all members of the proposed class is impracticable, and no other method of adjudication of the claims asserted herein is more efficient and manageable. Further, the damages suffered by individual members of the proposed class may be relatively modest, so that the burden and expense of prosecuting individual actions would make it difficult or impossible for such members to obtain relief. The prosecution of such individual actions would also impose a substantial burden on the Delaware courts, ~~and on this Court in particular~~. At the same time, individualized litigation would entail a significant risk of varying, inconsistent or contradictory judgments, and would magnify the delay and expense to all parties and the courts, by requiring multiple trials for the same issues. By contrast, the class action mechanism presents fewer case-management problems; conserves the resources of the parties

and the courts; and protects the rights of each member of the proposed class. The proposed class members thus have little interest in individually controlling the prosecution of separate actions; and to counsel's knowledge, there has been no substantial litigation of this dispute in any forum. It is not anticipated that the prosecution of this dispute as a class action will entail any special case-management difficulties; and notice of the pendency of this action, and of any resolution of the same, can be provided to the proposed class by publication and/or individual notice.

21. *Other Grounds for Certification.* This action is also certifiable under Superior Court Civil Rules 23(b)(1) and (2) because:

a. The prosecution of separate actions by the individual members of the proposed class would create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to such individual class members, thus establishing incompatible standards of conduct for Nationwide; and

b. Nationwide has acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the class, thereby making appropriate declaratory relief with respect to the class as a whole.

COUNT I

Declaratory Judgment

~~22. Thomas A., Roberta L. and Tammy Eames, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, repeat and incorporate by reference the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 21 above.~~

~~23. Nationwide's characterization of minimum PIP limits as "full" is misleading, deceptive and ambiguous, on its face and as applied.~~

~~24. Nationwide's false, misleading and ambiguous characterization of PIP limits entitles the proposed class members and class representatives to a construction of the term "full" (as applied to such PIP limits) that favors such proposed class members and class representatives, and disfavors Nationwide. That construction should be effected by judicial declaration, to the effect that the proposed class members and class representatives are entitled to the maximum PIP limits made available by Nationwide in Delaware at the time the affected insurance contract was issued, or at the time of its most recent renewal (whichever amount is greater); or, alternatively, that such proposed class members and class representatives are entitled to full coverage of all reasonable and necessary medical expenses~~

~~incurred within the statutory (two year) period for PIP claims, and arising from covered automobile accidents.~~

~~25. An actual controversy of a justiciable nature exists between plaintiffs Thomas A., Roberta L. and Tammy Eames, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated (on the one hand) and Nationwide (on the other), concerning the parties' rights and obligations under the subject Nationwide insurance contracts. The controversy is of sufficient immediacy to justify the entry of a declaratory judgment.~~

~~26. An award of declaratory relief by this Court will terminate some or all of the existing controversy between the parties.~~

~~COUNT II~~

~~Breach Of Contract~~

~~27. Plaintiffs Thomas A., Roberta L. and Tammy Eames, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, repeat and incorporate by reference the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 26 above.~~

~~28. Nationwide has breached the subject contracts of insurance by promising to provide or make available, but failing to provide or make available, limits of liability for PIP coverage that are genuinely "full."~~

~~29. As a direct result of Nationwide's breaches of the subject insurance contracts, plaintiffs Thomas A., Roberta L. and Tammy Eames and all others similarly situated have been deprived of the benefit of insurance coverage for which premiums were paid under those contracts. As a further result of Nationwide's breaches of contract, plaintiffs Thomas A., Roberta L. and Tammy Eames and all others similarly situated have been deprived of necessary medical care, with resulting pain and suffering and exacerbation of injury.~~

~~COUNT III~~

~~Bad Faith Breach of Contract~~

~~30. Plaintiffs Thomas A., Roberta L. and Tammy Eames, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, repeat and incorporate by reference the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 29 above.~~

~~31. Nationwide's false and deceptive characterization of PIP limits, as heretofore alleged, has been without reasonable justification.~~

~~32. Nationwide's false and deceptive characterization of PIP limits, as heretofore alleged, has been knowingly dishonest.~~

~~33. Nationwide's false and deceptive characterization of PIP limits, as heretofore alleged, has been in bad faith.~~

~~34. As a direct result of Nationwide's bad faith breaches of the subject insurance contracts, plaintiffs Thomas A., Roberta L. and Tammy Eames and all others similarly situated have suffered and will suffer injury as heretofore alleged.~~

COUNT IV I

Consumer Fraud

35 22. Plaintiffs Thomas A., Roberta L. and Tammy Eames, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, repeat and incorporate by reference the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through ~~34~~ 21 above.

36 23. Nationwide's conduct, as alleged above, is in violation of 6 Del. C. §2513.

37 24. As a direct result of Nationwide's violations of 6 Del. C. §2513, plaintiffs Thomas A., Roberta L. and Tammy Eames and all others similarly situated ~~have suffered and will suffer injury as heretofore alleged.~~ a) have been deprived of the benefit of insurance coverage for which premiums were paid, b) have been deprived of the benefit of their bargain in the sale and purchase of automobile insurance, c) have been deprived of necessary medical care,

or confronted with the genuine risk of a loss of necessary medical care, d) have been led to believe that they purchased PIP limits higher than the statutory minimum, or that the statutory minimum limits were the highest PIP limits available for purchase, and e) have been discouraged from purchasing adequate PIP limits or otherwise prevented from making fully informed decisions regarding their purchase of such limits.

COUNT V II

Civil Conspiracy

~~38~~ 25. Plaintiffs Thomas A., Roberta L. and Tammy Eames, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, repeat and incorporate by reference the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through ~~37~~ 24 above.

~~39~~ 26. As alleged above, Nationwide has misrepresented the amount of PIP limits available under its Delaware auto policies through the services of its agents in Delaware, including insurance agents.

~~40~~ 27. By purposefully misrepresenting PIP limits through the use of agents, Nationwide has combined with one or more persons in unlawful acts done in furtherance of a conspiracy.

~~41~~ 28. As a direct result of Nationwide's acts of civil conspiracy, plaintiffs and all others similarly

situated have suffered and will suffer injury as heretofore alleged.

WHEREFORE, plaintiffs Thomas A. Eames, Roberta L. Eames and Tammy Eames, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, respectfully request that this Court enter judgment as follows:

a. Entering an Order certifying the plaintiff class, appointing plaintiffs Thomas A., Roberta L. and Tammy Eames as representatives of that class, and appointing their counsel to represent the class, all pursuant to Superior Court Civil Rule 23;

~~b. Declaring the parties' rights, duties, status or other legal relations under the disputed insurance contracts;~~

~~c. Awarding to plaintiffs and all others similarly situated compensatory damages, including incidental and consequential damages, for Nationwide's breaches of its insurance contracts;~~

~~d. Awarding to plaintiffs and all others similarly situated punitive damages for Nationwide's bad faith breaches of its insurance contracts;~~

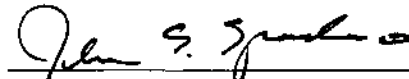
e b. Awarding to plaintiffs and all others similarly situated compensatory and punitive damages for Nationwide's violations of 6 Del. C. §2513;

¶ c. Awarding to plaintiffs and all others similarly situated compensatory and punitive damages for Nationwide's acts of civil conspiracy;

¶ d. Awarding to plaintiffs and all others similarly situated all costs of this action; and

¶ e. Awarding such other and further relief as this Court deems just and appropriate.

Respectfully submitted,
MURPHY SPADARO & LANDON



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Wilmington, DE 19805
(302)472-8100

and

Clayton E. Bunting
Wilson Halbrook & Bayard
107 West Market Street
P.O. Box 690
Georgetown, DE 19947
(302)856-0015

Attorneys for plaintiffs
Thomas A. Eames, Roberta L.
Eames and Tammy Eames (on
behalf of themselves and all
others similarly situated)

~~August 20, 2004~~
February 10, 2006

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
IN AND FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------|
| THOMAS A. EAMES, ROBERTA L. EAMES |) | |
| and TAMMY EAMES, on behalf of |) | |
| themselves and all others |) | |
| similarly situated, |) | |
| |) | |
| Plaintiffs, |) | C.A. No. 04-CV-1324KAJ |
| |) | TRIAL BY JURY DEMANDED |
| v. |) | |
| |) | |
| NATIONWIDE MUTUAL INSURANCE |) | |
| COMPANY, |) | |
| |) | |
| Defendant. |) | |

NOTICE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this date, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of the Court using CM/ECF which will send notification of such filing(s) to the following:

Nicholas E. Skiles, Esq.
Swartz Campbell LLC
300 Delaware Avenue, Suite 1130
P.O. Box 330
Wilmington, DE 19899

MURPHY SPADARO & LANDON

/s/ John S. Spadaro
John S. Spadaro, No. 3155
1011 Centre Road, Suite 210
Wilmington, DE 19805
(302) 472-8100

Attorneys for plaintiffs
Thomas A. Eames, Roberta L. Eames and
Tammy Eames (on behalf of themselves and
all others similarly situated)

February 10, 2006

EXHIBIT A

HOME OFFICE: ONE NATIONWIDE PLAZA • COLUMBUS, OHIO 43216

POLICY NUMBER 5207A733616

| | <u>COVERAGES</u> | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | VEH 1 | VEH 2 |
| COMPREHENSIVE | 100 \$33.70 | 100 \$29.80 |
| COLLISION | 250 \$87.70 | 250 \$84.50 |
| BODILY INJURY | 100/300 \$150.30 | 100/300 \$109.30 |
| PROPERTY DAMAGE | 50000 \$49.70 | 50000 \$36.20 |
| PERSONAL INJURY PROTECTION | FULL \$45.30 | FULL \$33.00 |
| LOSS OF USE | BROAD \$10.00 | BROAD \$10.00 |
| TOTAL PREMIUM: | <u>\$376.70</u> | <u>\$302.80</u> |

POLICY COVERAGE

| | | |
|------------------------------------|---------|----------|
| UNINSURED MOTORIST-BODILY INJURY | 100/300 | \$77.20 |
| UNINSURED MOTORIST-PROPERTY DAMAGE | 10,000 | INCLUDED |

| | | | |
|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------|
| TERM PREMIUM: | \$756.70 | INSTALLMENT PREMIUM: | \$379.35 |
| PAY PLAN: O | OCP/PDP NUMBER: 0000NEWOCP | AMOUNT COLLECTED: | \$252.23 |

EXHIBIT B

Claim # 5207A/733616/02070301
NO. 1207 P. 2

| A06 52A733616 | | | | VEHICLE SCREEN | | | | TODAY 02/08/01 | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|-------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| EAMES, THOMAS A | | | | | | | | FROM 09/22/02 TO 03/22/02 | | | |
| VEHICLE 2 ACTION | | | | | | | | RATE HI ADDTL COST | | | |
| VT MY MAKE SERIES BODY STYLE | | | | VEHICLE ID NUMBER | | | | SYMBOL PER PI AMOUNT NEW | | | |
| PP 92 FORD TAURUS L | | | | OT OTHER | | | | 1FALP50U7NA277289 | | | |
| | | | | 13 13 N | | | | 0 NO | | | |
| ENG | | | | PASSIVE | | | | COMMUTE | | | |
| SIZE DAMAGE | | | | RESTRAINT | | | | ANML | | | |
| N NONE | | | | AF AIR BAG F | | | | MILE | | | |
| | | | | USE | | | | MILE/WK | | | |
| | | | | P | | | | 10 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | MLT SUB | | | |
| | | | | | | | | CAR CLS | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Y 00 | | | |
| RATED | | | | BIRTH | | | | MART | | | |
| DRIVER | | | | DATE | | | | SEX STAT | | | |
| 1 | | | | 08/10/56 | | | | F M | | | |
| DRVR RES | | | | YD GOOD | | | | DEF CAR VEH | | | |
| TYPE CHLD ADLT STDT | | | | | | | | DRVR POOL TIER | | | |
| P Y N N | | | | | | | | N N | | | |
| | | | | | | | | SNR FCTR | | | |
| | | | | | | | | N 0.80 | | | |

COVERAGES

| | | | | | |
|------|---------|--------|------|--------|-------|
| COMP | 100 | 25.70 | INSD | | |
| COLL | 250 | 65.30 | APIP | | |
| PD | 50000 | 49.60 | LOU | 25/800 | 12.00 |
| BI | 100/300 | 117.50 | T&L | | |
| DB | | | CB | | |
| UMBI | 100/300 | 82.00 | PE | | |
| UMPD | 10000 | INCL | | | |
| PIP | FULL | 35.50 | | | |

TOTAL 387.60

INQUIRE V3 (CH TO CHANGE)

PIP adjuster
~~Chad H. Harris~~
302-325-8952
1-2 Bus. days
Lisa for Pepper
645-8337

Leanne.

- Rental Coverage - if needed

Rich Foster
Field invest.
178-7667

Annex
Michael Davis
Linda Howard
877-724-3202
cell-302-242-1063

EXHIBIT C

AUTO MEMORANDUM OF INSURANCE

POLICY NUMBER: 52A733616
POLICY HOLDER: THOMAS A &/OR ROBERTA L EAMES

POLICY EFF DATE: 03/22/0
POLICY EXP DATE: 09/22/0

IMPORTANT NOTICE

THIS MEMORANDUM OF INSURANCE PROVIDES BASIC INFORMATION REGARDING COVERAGE AND INTERESTS PROTECTED BY YOUR POLICY AS OF 06/17/03.

NATIONWIDE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY (23787)

VEHICLE #1
1999 FORD EXPLORER
1FMZU34EXXZA79505

| | |
|----------------------------|---------|
| COMPREHENSIVE | 100 |
| COLLISION | 250 |
| PROPERTY DAMAGE | 50000 |
| BODILY INJURY | 100/300 |
| PERSONAL INJURY PROTECTION | FULL |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|
| POLICY COVERAGE | |
| UNINSURED MOTORIST--BODILY INJURY | 100/300 |
| UNINSURED MOTORIST--PROPERTY DAMAGE | 10000 |

THIRD PARTY: LIENHOLDER
WILMINGTON TRUST CO
INSURANCE SERV CNTR
PO BOX 9289
RICHMOND, VA 23227-0289
LIEN EXP DATE: 04/15/2008

Culver Insurance Agency
517 Bridgeville Road
Seaford, DE 19973
PHONE (302) 629-2510

6667

DATE

THOMAS A &/OR ROBERTA L EAMES
14908 CONCORD ROAD
SEAFORD, DE 19973-8293

EXHIBIT D

JUN 16 2003



P.O. BOX 249 * NASSAU, DE 19969-0249 **

June 13, 2003

WILSON, HALBROOK AND BAYARD
CLAYTON E BUNTING
PO BOX 690
GEORGETOWN, DE 19947

CLAIMANT NAME : Thomas Eames
OUR INSURED : Thomas Eames
OUR CLAIM NUMBER : 52 07 A 733616 02072003 01
DATE OF LOSS : 02-07-2003

This letter is to notify you that the above claimant, Thomas Eames , has exhausted his/her benefits under the PIP/ NO FAULT portion of this insurance policy. All future billings should be directed elsewhere. For this reason we will be unable to consider the recently submitted for June 4, 2003.

Please call me with any questions or concerns. Thank you.

NATIONWIDE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY
Lisa-Jo Pepper
Claims Department
(302)645-8337